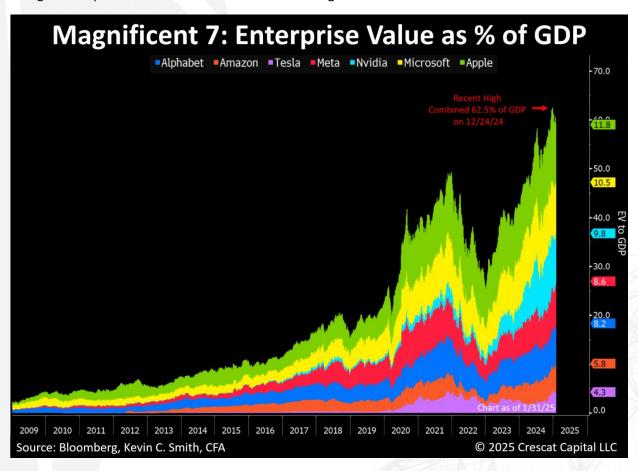




February 1, 2025

Unsustainable Disequilibrium

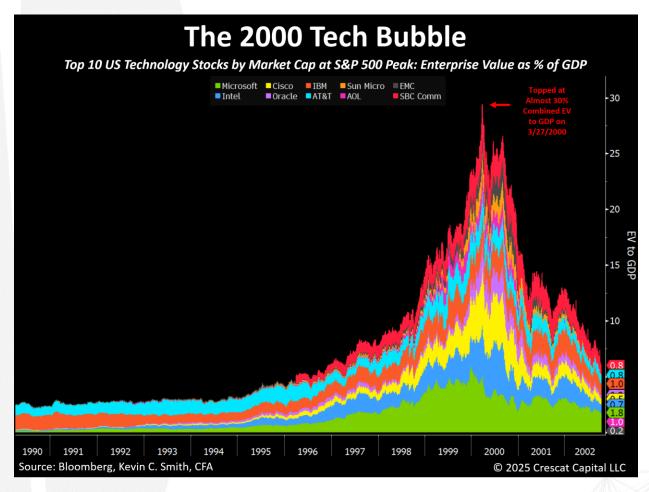
Excessive valuations and investor overcrowding in US megacap tech stocks in our view represent the biggest risk to the overall US stock market and economy today. Competition from US VC-funded startups, creative destruction from open-source AI innovation itself, and Chinese state-sponsored cyber warfare all threaten the high-margin monopolistic business models of the US tech giants.



Crescat may or may not hold positions at any given time in the securities referenced. This is not a recommendation or endorsement of any secure or other financial instrument.

More Imbalanced Than the 2000 Tech Bubble

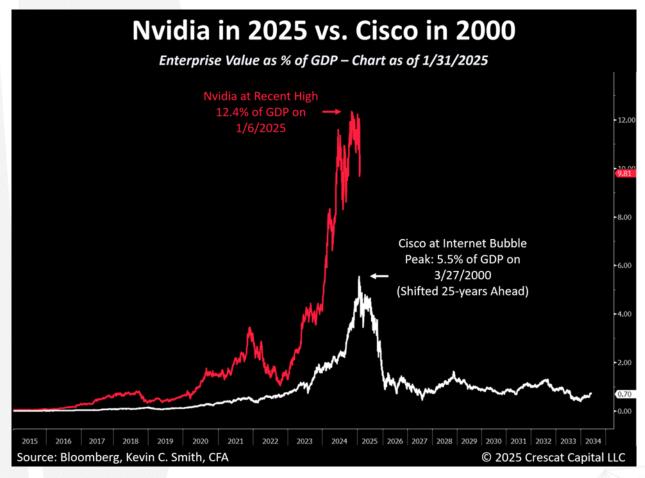
As measured by combined enterprise value to GDP, the overvaluation of the Magnificent Seven US tech stocks is more than twice that of the ten largest stocks at the 2000 tech bubble peak.



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Nvidia Under Attack

The release of China's open-source DeepSeek R1 may get the credit for bursting the Nvidia bubble, but a potentially even more relevant Nvidia threat is an innovative US AI-semiconductor private company called Cerebras that invented a new chip that outperforms Nvidia's most advanced GPUs. Cerebras claims a single wafer-scale chip with 900,000 AI-optimized cores and 4 trillion transistors, making it ~56x larger than NVIDIA's largest GPUs.



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A Market Meltdown Early for Trump Could be a Blessing in Disguise

While the Trump administration may have preferred to avoid it, a megacap-tech-led stock market crash and recession, if it were to happen in 2025, could be blamed on the Biden administration and would allow for the drastic interest rate cuts required by President Trump to achieve his grand macroeconomic and geopolitical rebalancing agenda. Thus, an early market meltdown could help facilitate a more successful four-year term in the end.

We believe that Treasury Secretary Scott Bessent is one of the key masterminds behind the Trump Administration's <u>economic and geopolitical plan</u>. Bessent has been telegraphing this plan over the last year. We are eager to see him go into action. This plan includes:

- A new <u>Bretton Woods accord</u> on currency and trade with existing and potentially new NATO allies.
- Peace through military strength funded by US century bonds.
- A new role for gold to underpin the strength of the US dollar as the global reserve currency. His plans for
 gold have been leaked more subtly. We encourage you to subscribe to Zoltan Pozsar's <u>Ex Uno Plures</u> if
 you want to learn more or you can reach out to us privately if you want to discuss it.

One of the most pressing concerns in global financial markets is the significant valuation imbalances across equity markets. We anticipate a major capital reallocation away from U.S. equities and toward international

markets. Investors are often persuaded by narratives that suggest these valuation disparities can persist indefinitely; however, historical patterns indicate that such divergences eventually correct. At a certain point, growth alone is insufficient to justify excessive valuations. In our assessment, a substantial rotation from U.S. equities to global stocks is increasingly likely. While DeepSeek may act as the immediate trigger, the structural foundation for this global rebalancing was firmly established well before its emergence.



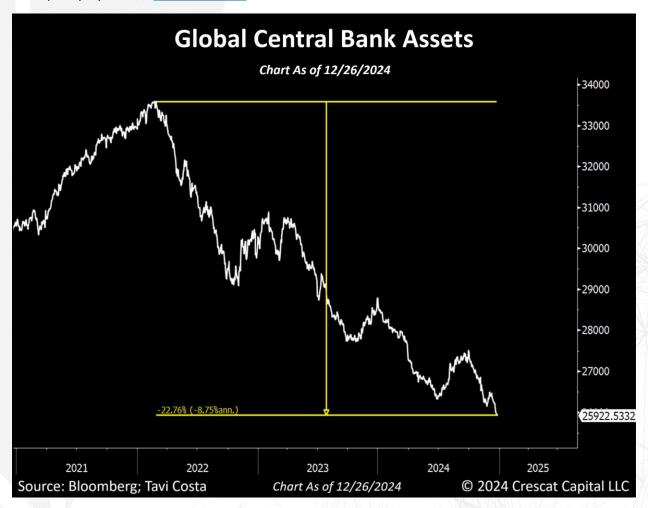
In the grand scheme of the financial markets and world economy today, the critical macro imbalances that we see are as follows:

- Speculative asset bubbles in US megacap tech stocks, US corporate credit, and cryptocurrencies.
- Unsustainable interest cost on the US debt burden which threatens the steepest decline in pro-growth fiscal spending in 40 years.
- Persistent global trade imbalances that have destroyed good-paying US middle-class jobs and made the country too reliant on the supply chain of a foreign geopolitical adversary.
- Economic distress among broad US lower and middle-income population from high inflation.
- US and worldwide underinvestment in critical precious and base metal resources that are necessary to support a growing, non-inflationary, and technologically advanced civilization.

We identify multiple potential catalysts that could trigger a reconciliation of these imbalances:

China DeepSeek's bursting of the US megacap tech bubble.

- Tariffs: While a potentially viable negotiating play, Trump/Bessent tariffs threaten trade, corporate profitability, and the overvalued US stock market.
- Tariffs: Consider that the 1929 stock market collapse began on Oct. 28,1929 when news spread that the Smoot Hawley Tariff Bill would become law. The front-page New York Times article read: <u>"Leaders Insist</u> Tariff Will Pass."
- Tariffs: Now consider today's lead Wall Street Journal Story: <u>"Trump Threatens Widening Trade War as First Tariffs Loom"</u>.
- Liquidity: The lag-effect of Jay Powell's higher interest rate hikes to fight inflation as low-interest-rate Covid debt is starting to roll over and needs to be refinanced.
- Liquidity: The draining of almost all the excess liquidity from the Fed's Reverse Repo Facility, an incoming gift to the Trump Administration from Janet Yellen and Jay Powell.
- Liquidity: China and the East are challenging the supremacy of the US dollar as the world reserve
 currency for trade at the same time as a rising US dollar versus other fiat currencies poses a global
 liquidity squeeze, a Triffin Dilemma.



Importantly, global central bank assets have contracted to their lowest level in over four years. This is largely due to the strength of the dollar, which is suffocating the global economy. We believe a USD devaluation, whether coordinated or organic against other currencies, is inevitable.

As we start the year, we have been reflecting on what we consider to be one of the most consequential macro trends likely to unfold in 2025 and beyond. We contend that the US dollar is approaching a cyclical peak, with its

long-term decline already evident on a 10-year rolling basis.

In our assessment, the interplay of declining fiscal stimulus and structurally lower interest rates—partially designed to alleviate the government's debt burden—is poised to serve as the primary catalyst for the dollar's depreciation in 2025. However, currency movements are inherently relative. Notably, no other major economy—whether Japan, Canada, the Eurozone, the UK, or Australia—faces the same imperative as the United States, which must sustain GDP growth of nearly 5% merely to service its debt.

An often-overlooked factor in the dollar's recent strength is the potential impact of trade policies, particularly the enduring effects of Trump-era tariffs. While these measures could generate a short-term shock, they represent only one facet of the broader policy agenda of the new administration, in our view. As newly appointed Treasury Secretary Scott Bessent has articulated, Trump's vision of a weaker dollar coexisting with its reserve currency status is not mutually exclusive.

Overall, the risks to the U.S. dollar appear asymmetrically skewed to the downside. Even if short-term fluctuations result in an initial appreciation, the broader and more consequential trajectory is likely to be one of long-term depreciation. If this scenario materializes, this shift could represent one of the most profound transformations in the macro landscape since the Global Financial Crisis.



Scott Bessent takes office as Treasury Secretary under enormous US budget and trade deficits, facing a potential tech bust, an empty liquidity piggybank, and an unwieldy near-term balance sheet refinancing requirement. Fortunately, we believe the new Treasury Secretary has many constructive surprises in store to loosen up the

monetary plumbing. These ideas have been advised by Zoltan Pozsar and <u>others</u> to free up new liquidity, and we expect Bessent will implement them over the next several weeks and months. We think the shock of a US stock market meltdown in the near term would only help him and President Trump to move forward more urgently with their big ideas.

Crescat's Positioning

Our activist metals portfolio is the largest thematic long exposure across all Crescat's private funds today. The Crescat Precious Metals Fund is long-only at this time and predominantly focused on what we believe are deeply undervalued gold and silver miners that have the potential for substantial <u>countercyclical upside</u> in a potential megacap tech selloff as well as under Pozsar's vision for gold in the new Bretton Woods monetary order. Our Long/Short and Global Macro funds also have substantial long exposure in our activist metals portfolio but in addition have significant asymmetric short exposure through put options on the S&P 500, Nasdaq 100, and select megacap tech stocks at this time.

We have built our activist metals portfolio over the last four years by providing capital to exploration-focused companies. In the process, our companies have made some of the biggest and most exciting new, economic metal discoveries in viable mining jurisdictions around the world.

Working with an experienced geologist over the last four years, we have created a portfolio of bona fide and incipient metal deposits that we are confident are deeply undervalued and offer what we believe is a high margin of relative safety for new and existing investors in our funds. The mining industry has been out of favor for about fourteen years now, and this has allowed us to accumulate large activist stakes cheaply in a portfolio of companies that have been flying below the radar. There is still a great opportunity to put money to work at depressed levels while the world is still chasing overvalued megacap tech stocks. Given our macro outlook for continued higher gold, silver, and base metal prices in the near-to-intermediate term, and the lack of investment in exploration and building new mines by the majors, we think our deep-value strategy in the exploration segment is highly compelling.

We are comfortable that the intrinsic value of our portfolio is worth substantially more than today's market prices for our companies, and that volatility can work to the upside in a profound way to more than justify the risk. As value and macro investors working with a renowned exploration geologist helping to advise us, we believe Crescat has an edge to deliver strong upside for our clients over the course of a new secular commodity bull market that we think is long overdue and only in the early innings.

Estimated Performance for January 2025

Crescat's private funds delivered strong performance in January. Note the especially strong performance in the table below outside of the San Cristobal side pocket which was driven mainly by our publicly traded activist metals positions though offset by a small loss in the Canadian dollar. A dividend at SCM also contributed a 4.2% net gain inside the side pocket which was not otherwise revalued in January. Short positions in Nvidia, Apple, and Microsoft also delivered net gains in the Global Macro and Long/Short funds within our megacap growth ceiling theme partially offset by small losses in that theme. The last two years have been extremely frustrating as our performance suffered while we stayed true to our core convictions. We believe those convictions are only just starting to be vindicated. For the sake of all our loyal investors, whom we truly appreciate, our goal is to deliver for you by pushing to new high-water marks in 2025 and beyond.

Crescat Strategies Net Return Estimates Through January 31, 2025

CRESCAT STRATEGIES VS. BENCHMARK	JANUARY		
Global Macro Hedge Fund ¹	10.7%		
Excluding SCM SP ²	16.2%		
SCM SP Only	4.2%		
Long/Short Hedge Fund ¹	10.7%		
Excluding SCM SP ²	16.3%		
SCM SP Only	4.4%		
Precious Metals Hedge Fund ¹	9.5%		
Excluding SCM SP ²	14.9%		
SCM SP Only	4.0%		
Large Cap SMA ³	6.3%		
Precious Metals SMA ³	9.7%		

^{*}See disclosures below. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

Performance Through December 2025

Crescat Strategies Net Return Through December 31, 2024									
		ANNUALIZED TRAILING				CUMULATIVE			
CRESCAT STRATEGIES VS. BENCHMARK (Inception Date)	DECEMBER	1-YEAR	3-YEAR	5-YEAR	10-YEAR	SINCE INCEPTION	SINCE INCEPTION	YEARS SINCE INCEPTION	
Global Macro Hedge Fund ¹ (Jan.1, 2006)	-7.1%	-19.0%	-8.8%	1.4%	0.7%	7.8%	313.8%	19.0	
Excluding SCM SP ² (Jan.1, 2006)	-14.4%	-30.9%	-13.5%	-1.7%	-0.9%	6.9%	253.2%	19.0	
Benchmark: HFRX Global Hedge Fund Index	0.0%	5.3%	1.2%	2.8%	2.0%	1.3%	27.1%		
Long/Short Hedge Fund ¹ (May 1, 2000)	-6.8%	-12.8%	-13.5%	-0.5%	-0.5%	4.8%	218.7%	24.7	
Excluding SCM SP ² (May 1, 2000)	-14.0%	-26.0%	-18.1%	-3.7%	-2.1%	4.1%	170.5%	24.7	
Benchmark: HFRX Equity Hedge Index	-0.4%	7.8%	3.7%	5.5%	3.5%	4.9%	102.5%		
Precious Metals Hedge Fund ¹ (August 1, 2020)	-6.2%	-9.8%	-9.3%	-	-	20.2%	125.7%	4.4	
Excluding SCM SP ² (August 1, 2020)	-13.4%	-22.4%	-13.7%	-	-	16.2%	94.1%	4.4	
Benchmark: Philadelphia Gold and Silver Index	-8.8%	10.8%	3.0%			-1.0%	-4.4%		
Large Cap SMA³ (Jan. 1, 1999)	-9.2%	-9.2%	-5.2%	-0.3%	3.8%	8.3%	692.6%	26.0	
Benchmark: S&P 500 Index	-2.4%	25.0%	8.9%	14.5%	13.1%	8.2%	673.2%		
Precious Metals SMA ³ (June 1, 2019)	-10.9%	-31.3%	-24.1%	-5.0%	-	4.0%	24.4%	5.6	
Benchmark: Philadelphia Gold and Silver Index	-8.8%	10.8%	3.0%	6.7%		14.5%	112.9%		

We encourage you to reach out to any of us listed below if you would like to learn more about how our investment vehicles might fit with your individual needs and objectives.

Sincerely,

Kevin C. Smith, CFA

Founding Member & Chief Investment Officer

Tavi Costa

Member & Macro Strategist

Quinton T. Hennigh, PhD

Member & Geologic and Technical Director

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Performance

Performance data represents past performance, and past performance does not guarantee future results. Performance data, including Estimated Performance, is subject to revision following each monthly reconciliation and/or annual audit. Individual performance may be lower or higher than the performance data presented. The currency used to express performance is U.S. dollars. Before January 1, 2003, the results reflect accounts managed at a predecessor firm. Crescat was not responsible for the management of the assets during the period reflected in those predecessor performance results. We have determined the management of these accounts was sufficiently similar and provides relevant performance information.

1 - Net returns reflect the performance of an investor who invested from inception and is eligible to participate in new issues and side pocket investments. Net returns reflect the reinvestment of dividends and earnings and the deduction of all expenses and fees (including the highest management fee and incentive allocation charged, where applicable). An actual client's results may vary due to the timing of capital transactions, high watermarks, and performance.

Benchmarks

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE GOLD AND SILVER INDEX. The Philadelphia Stock Exchange Gold and Silver Index is the longest running index of global precious metals mining stocks. It is a diversified, capitalization-weighted index of the leading companies involved in gold and silver mining. It is a suitable benchmark for the Crescat Precious Metals private fund and the Crescat Precious Metals SMA strategy, which have also been predominately composed of precious metals mining companies involved in gold and silver mining since inception.

S&P 500 INDEX. The S&P 500 Index is perhaps the most followed stock market index. It is considered representative of the U.S. stock market at large. It is a market cap-weighted index of the 500 largest and most liquid companies listed on the NYSE and NASDAQ exchanges. While the companies are U.S. based, most of them have broad global operations. Therefore, the index is representative of the broad global economy. It is a suitable benchmark for the Crescat Global Macro and Crescat Long/Short private funds, and the Large Cap and Precious Metals SMA strategies, which have also traded extensively in large, highly liquid global equities through U.S.-listed securities, and in companies Crescat believes are on track to achieve that status. The S&P 500 Index is also used as a supplemental benchmark for the Crescat Precious Metals private fund and Precious Metals SMA strategy because one of the long-term goals of the precious metals strategy is low correlation to the S&P 500.

Standard and Poor's 500 Metals & Mining Index is a capitalization-weighted index. The index was developed with a base level of 10 for the 1941-43 base period. The parent index is SPXL3. This is a GICS Level 3 Industries. Intraday values are calculated by Bloomberg and not supported by S&P DJI, however the close price in HP<GO> is the official close price calculated by S&P DJI.

References to indices, benchmarks or other measures of relative market performance over a specified period of time are provided for your information only. Reference to an index does not imply that the fund or separately managed account will achieve returns, volatility or other results similar to that index. The composition of an index may not reflect the manner in which a portfolio is constructed in relation to expected or achieved returns, portfolio guidelines, restrictions, sectors, correlations, concentrations, volatility or tracking.

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